

September 10-13, 2019 Boston, MA, USA

Nonviral piggyBac[®] and Cas-CLOVER[™] Genetic Engineering Technologies for Development of Stem Cell Memory (T_{SCM}) CAR-Ts

Devon J. Shedlock, PhD VP, Preclinical Development September 13th, 2019



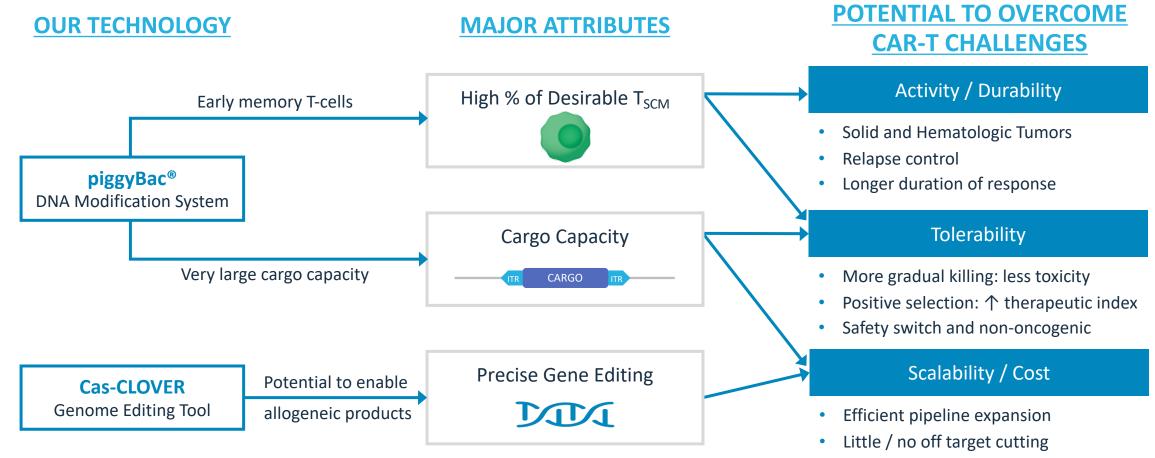
Poseida Platform of Superior Gene Engineering Technologies

GENE EDITING		GENE DELIVERY		
AS	SETS			
Cas-CLOVER™	Super piggyBac®	Nanoparticles		
TAL-CLOVER™	Excision-only piggyBac [®]	AAV		
BENEFITS				
Site-specific nucleases cut DNA with no to very low, off target activity	Most efficient technology to add or remove DNA from genome	Viral and non-viral delivery of DNA and proteins both <i>ex vivo</i> and <i>in vivo</i>		
Ability to edit resting T cells and not affect desirable T _{SCM} phenotype	Major advantages in safety, efficacy, speed to clinic and COGS	Ability to deliver to multiple cell types and target specific tissues		
	Cas-CLOVER™ TAL-CLOVER™ BEN Site-specific nucleases cut DNA with no to very low, off target activity Ability to edit resting T cells and not affect desirable T _{SCM}	ASSETS Cas-CLOVER™ Super piggyBac® TAL-CLOVER™ Excision-only piggyBac® BENEFITS Site-specific nucleases cut Most efficient technology to add or remove DNA from genome NA with no to very low, off target activity Major advantages in safety, efficacy, speed to clinic		

Gene Engineering Technologies



Overcoming The Challenges in CAR-T with Poseida Technologies



Cost / timeline benefits vs. viral



PiggyBac[®] DNA Modification System for CAR-T_{SCM} manufacture

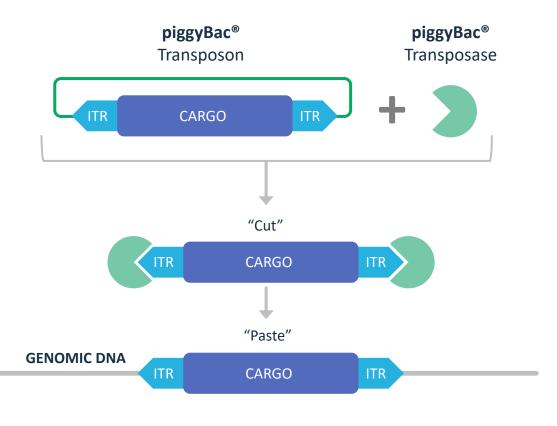


PiggyBac® DNA Modification System



An Ideal DNA Delivery System for Developing CAR-T and Other Gene Therapy Products

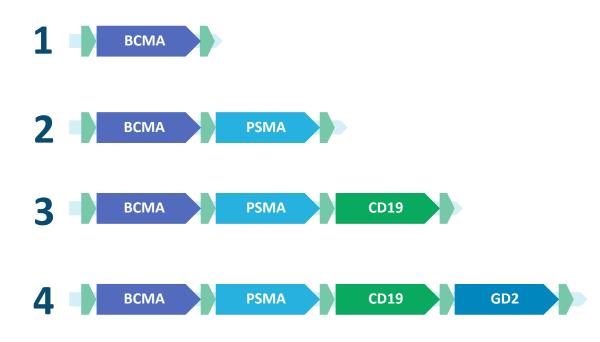
- Cargo is cloned into piggyBac[®] (PB) transposon pDNA vector
- Co-transfect PB transposon pDNA along with hyperactive PB transposase enzyme (pDNA, mRNA, or protein)
- Transposase recognizes transposon ITRs, cuts transgene out of plasmid and integrates stably into genome
 - Cut and paste mechanism
 - Targets TTAA sites and prefers open chromatin



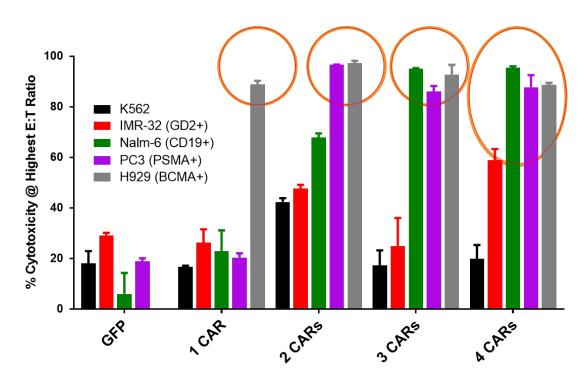


PiggyBac's[®] Massive Cargo Capacity Allows Delivery of Multiple Fully Functional CAR Molecules to Every Cell

Full-length CARs*



*Single plasmid system encoding 1-4 CARs including EGFP and selection genes

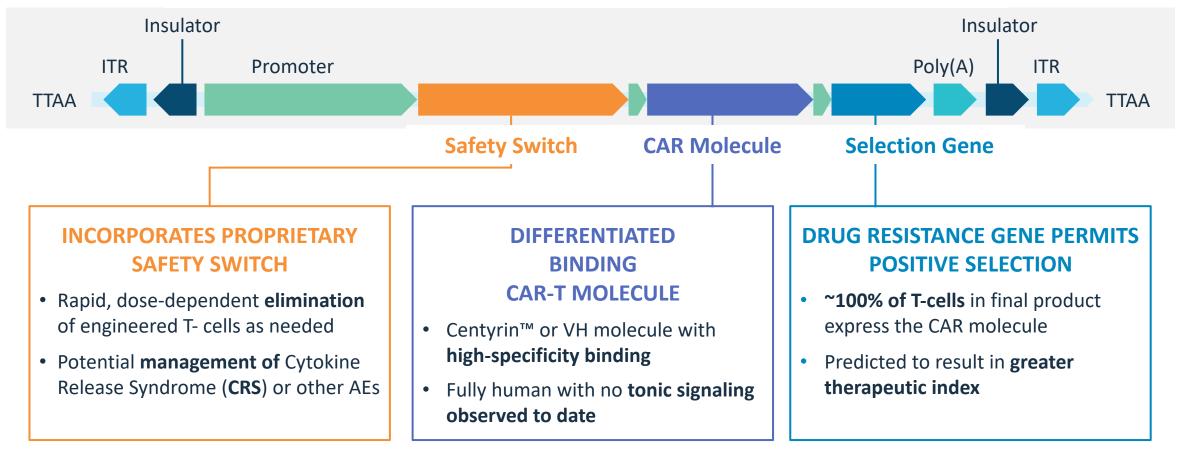


Function (Killing)



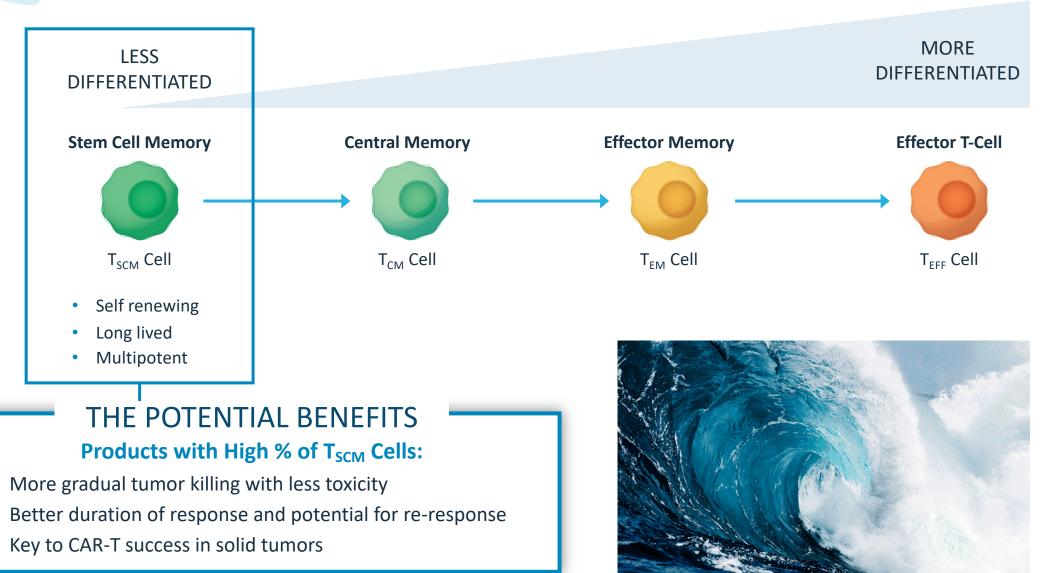
PiggyBac[®] Cargo Capacity Allows for Desirable Product Attributes

Designed To Have Desirable Product Attributes





Not All T-Cells are Equal: The Importance of Stem Cell Memory Cells

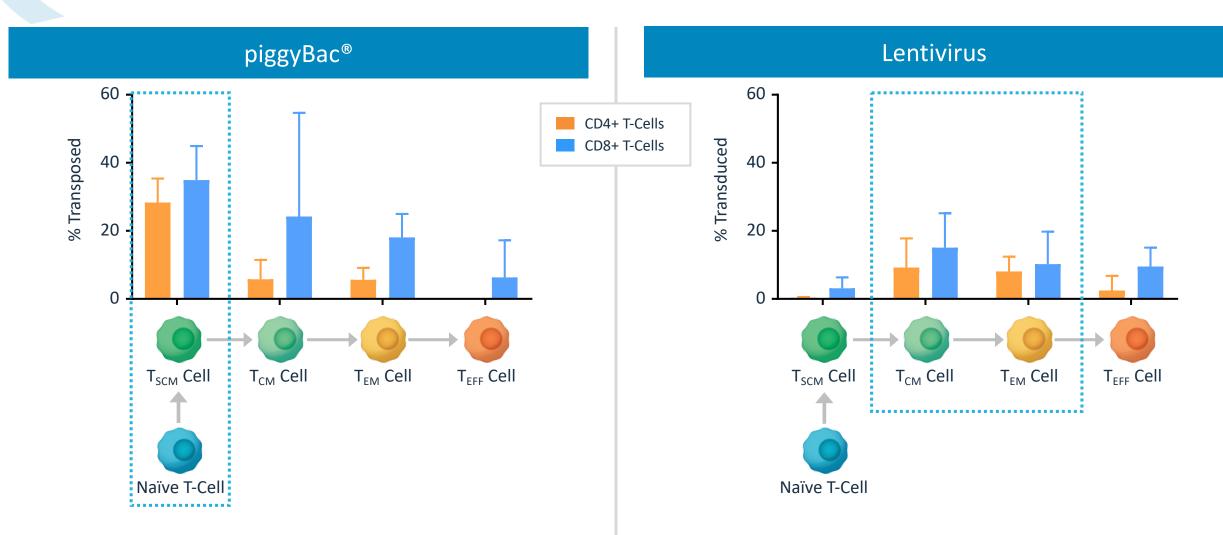




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PiggyBac[®] Preferentially Transposes T_{SCM} Cells

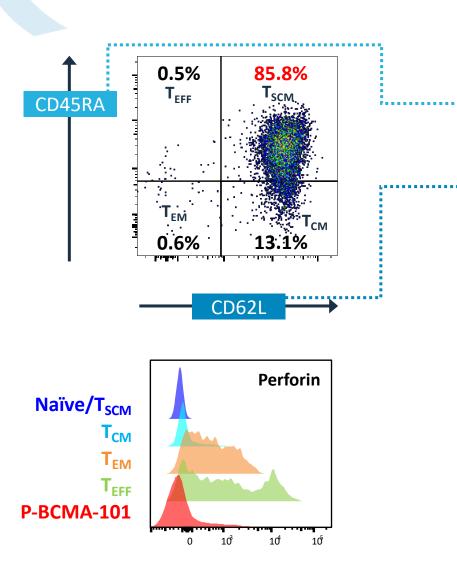


We purified donor cells to these T-cell subsets and then performed optimized piggyBac® or optimized lentivirus manufacturing on each subset

Percentage transposed (% GFP+) data are displayed for CD4+ T cells (CD3+CD4+CD8-) or CD8+ T cells (CD3+CD4+CD8+) within the final cell product



Poseida CAR-T Stem Cell Memory T_{SCM} Phenotype



			0	0		\bigcirc
	Τ _N	Т _{SCM}	Т _{см}	T _{EM}	T _{TE}	P-BCMA-10
CD45RA	+	+	-	-	+	+
CD45RO	-	-	+	+	-	-
CCR7	+	+	+	-	-	+
CD62L	+	+	+	-	-	+
CD28	+	+	+	+/-	-	+
CD27	+	+	+	+/-	-	+
IL-7Rα	+	+	+	+/-	-	+
CXCR3	-	+	+	-	-	+
CD95	-	+	+	+	+	+
CD11a	-	+	+	+	+	+
IL-2R β	-	+	+	+	+	+
CD58	-	+	+	+	+	+
CD57	-	-	-	+/-	+	-

Stemness	Senescence
Proliferative potential	Cytotoxicity
Lymphoid homing	Tissue tropism
Antigen independence	Antigen addiction
Lipid metabolism	Glycolytic metabolism
Low Δψm	Oxidative stress

Adapted from Gattinoni et al. (2017) Nat. Med.

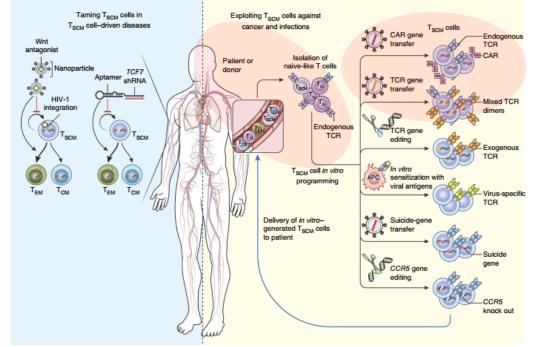


T_{SCM} May Be Key to Safe, Potent and Durable Responses

 "The extreme longevity, the robust proliferative potential and the capacity to reconstitute a wide-ranging diversity of the T cell compartment make the T_{SCM} cell type an ideal cell population to employ in adoptive immunotherapy"

Correlates with CAR-T clinical response

- Melenhorst J. et al., **UPenn** (2017) 20th ASGCT
- Basu et al., Adaptimmune (2017) CAR-TCR Summit
- T_{CM}: Larson, **Juno** (2018) AACR
- Bot A., et al., Kite (2018) SITC
- T_{SCM} TIL: Beatty M., **Moffitt** (2018) SITC
- *T_{CM}*: Fraietta J. et al., **UPenn** (2018) TET2 Disruption, PMID: 29849141
- Spear M. et al., Poseida (2019) CAR-TCR Summit



T memory stem cells in health and disease

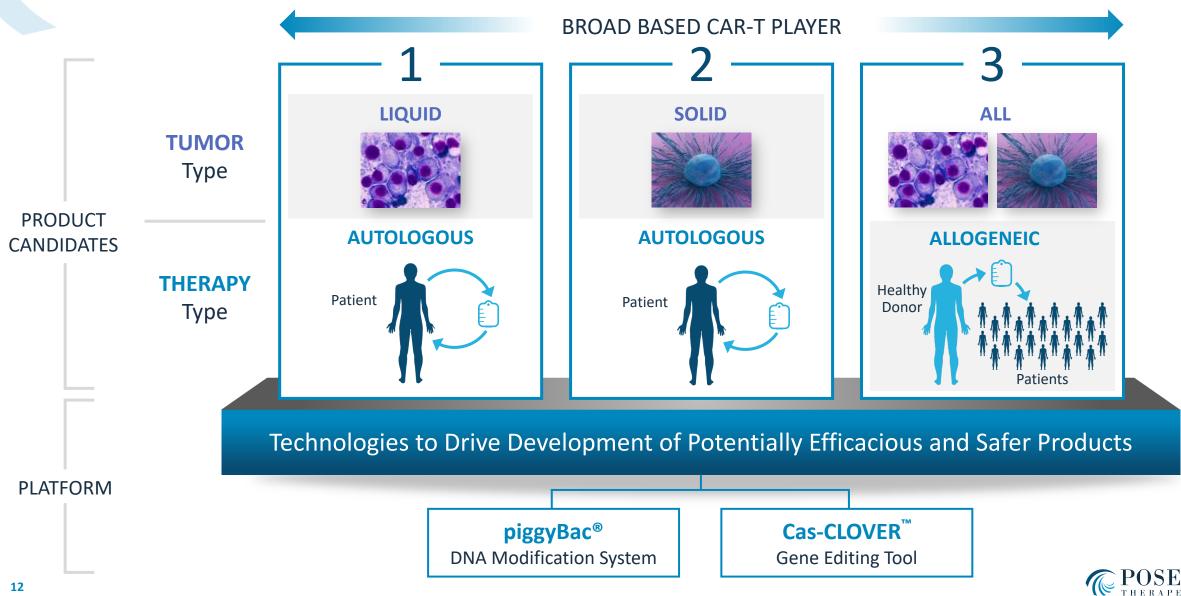
Luca Gattinoni¹, Daniel E Speiser², Mathias Lichterfeld³ & Chiara Bonini^{4,5}

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Gattinoni et al. (2009) Nat Med; Hinrichs et al. (2009) PNAS; Hinrichs et al (2011) Blood; Gattinoni et al. (2011) Nat Med; Lugli et al. (2013) JCI; Klebanoff et al (2016) JCI; Sukumar et al (2016) Cell Met; Sabatino et al. (2016) Blood;



The Three Pillars of CAR-T

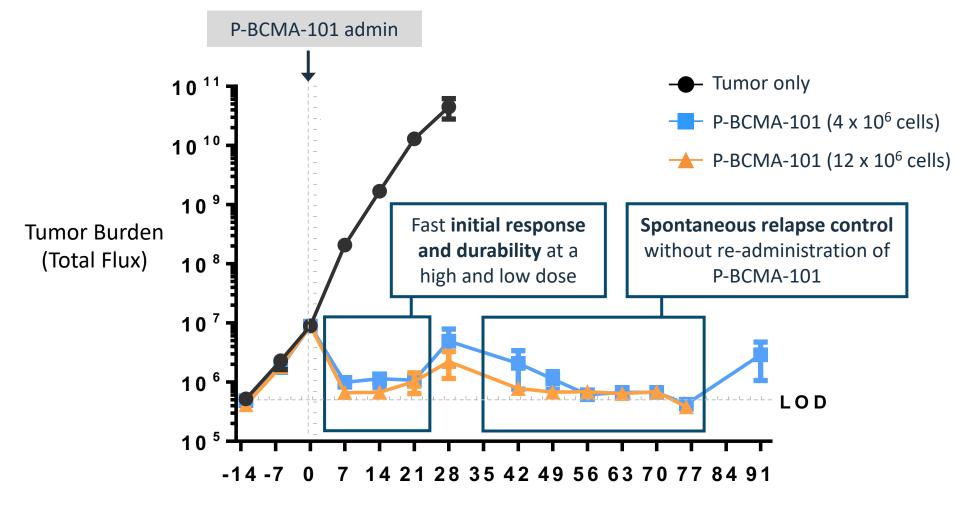


Our Lead Product Candidate: P-BCMA-101 for Relapsed/Refractory Multiple Myeloma

	1	2	3
	Liquid	Solid	Liquid
TUMOR TYPE			
THERAPY TYPE	Autologous	Autologous	Allogeneic
	Multiple Myeloma	Prostate Other Cancer Solid Tumors	Multiple Myeloma
PRODUCT CANDIDATES	P-BCMA-101	P-PSMA-101 P-MUC1C-101	P-BCMA-ALLO1
ESTIMATED MARKET OPPORTUNITY	Big	Bigger	Biggest



P-BCMA-101 Eliminated Tumors in Aggressive MM Cancer Model



Days Post P-BCMA-101 Administration



Phase 1/2 Clinical Trial in R/R Myeloma: P-BCMA-101-001

Phase 1 Trial Design

- Open Label, 3+3 Design, Single Ascending Dose Study
- 30 mg/m² fludarabine + 300 mg/m² cyclophosphamide x 3d lymphodepletion regimen
- P-BCMA-101 administered intravenously as a single dose
 - Allowance for 2nd dose and retreatment after other CAR-Ts
 - Outpatient administration allowed
- Up to 80 subjects

Phase 2 Trial Design

- Same schema as Phase 1
- P-BCMA-101 administered intravenously at 6-15 x 10⁶ cells/kg
- 100 subjects

Clinical Sites / Investigators

- Colorado Blood Cancer Institute- Tara Gregory, M.D.
- Hackensack University Medical Center- David Siegel, M.D.
- Johns Hopkins- Syed Abbas Ali, M.D.
- Karmanos Cancer Institute- Abhinav Deol, M.D.
- MD Anderson Cancer Center- Krina Patel, M.D.
- Swedish Cancer Institute- William Bensinger, M.D.
- Tennessee Oncology- Jesus G. Berdeja, M.D.
- UC San Diego Moores Cancer Center- Caitlin Costello, M.D.
- UC San Francisco- Nina Shah, M.D.
- University of Chicago- Andrzej Jakubowiak, M.D.
- University of Kansas Cancer Center- Siddhartha Ganguly, M.D.
- University of Maryland- Aaron Rapoport, M.D.
- University of Pennsylvania- Adam Cohen, M.D.



Our Approach to CAR-T in Solid Tumors

	1	2	3
TUMOR TYPE	Liquid	Solid	Liquid
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High % of T_{SCM} Cells: Unlocking Potential of CAR-T to Successfully Treat Solid Tumor Indications

Conventional Experience and Perception

- Poor CAR-T responses in solid tumors to date
- Rare instances with complete response (CR) have occurred (GBM, HCC) only after multiple administrations
- CAR-T can cause CRs in solid tumors, but numerous waves of more differentiated cells are required

Our Approach

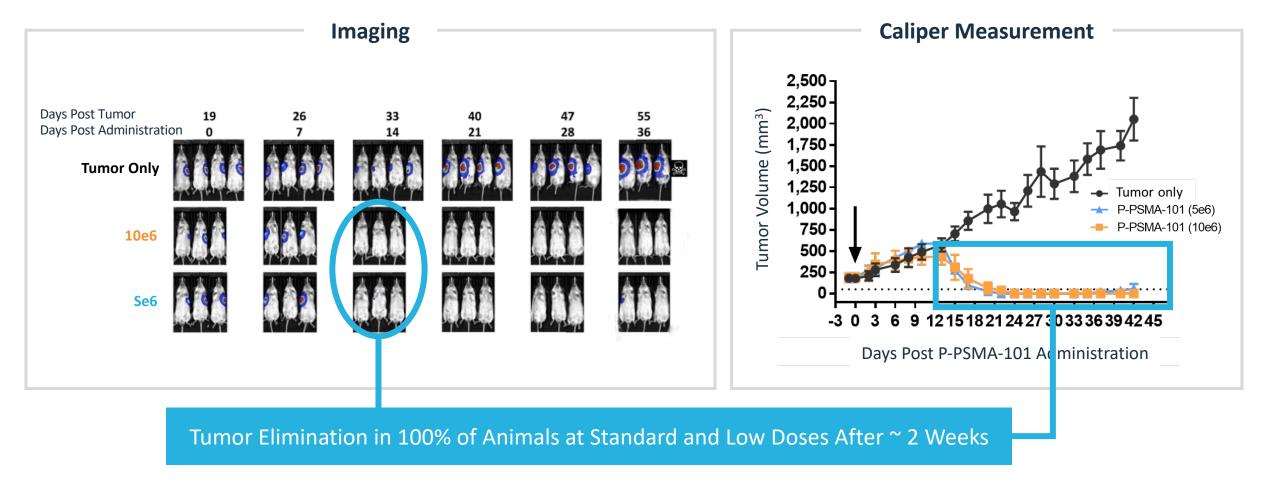
Our product candidates are comprised of a high percentage of T_{scM} cells, which we believe hold the potential to engraft, self renew and create wave after wave of more differentiated effector cells with one administration





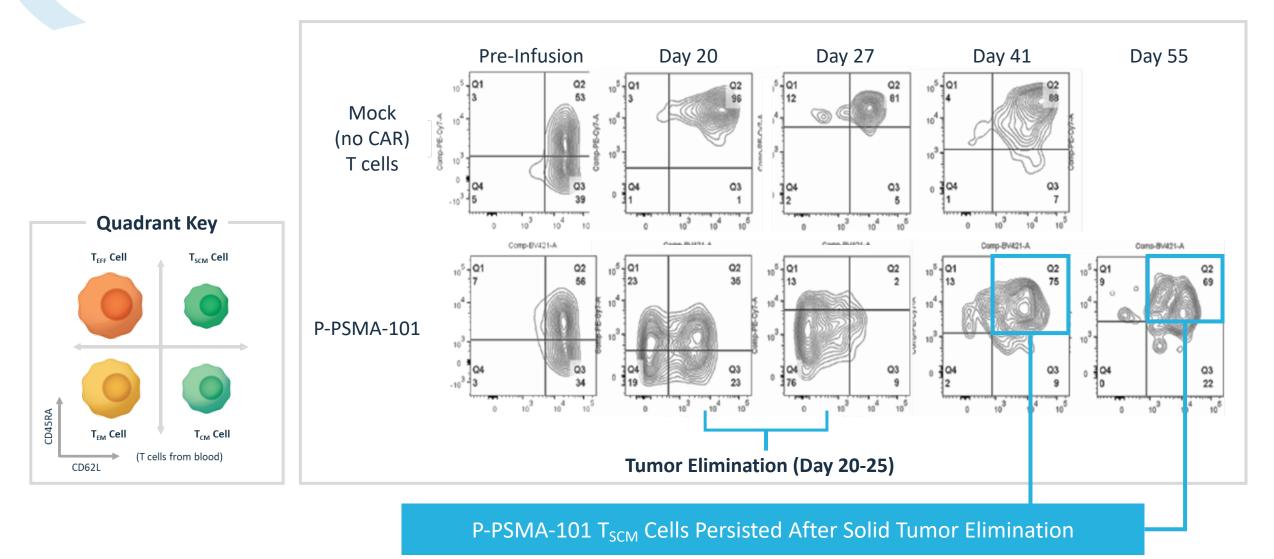
P-PSMA-101 Observed Potent In Vivo Activity

EFFICACY OF P-PSMA-101 IN PROSTATE CANCER MODEL (LNCaP.luc)





P-PSMA-101 Data Suggest Persistence of T_{SCM} Cells





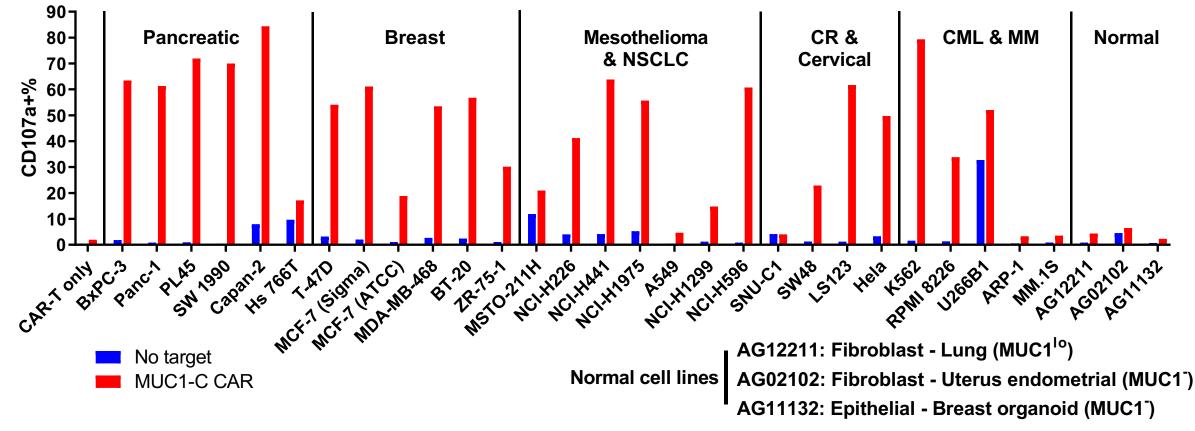
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INITIAL INDICATION	Multiple Myeloma P-BCMA-101	Prostate Other Cancer Solid Tumors P-PSMA-101 P-MUC1C-101	Multiple Myeloma P-BCMA-ALLO1
ESTIMATED MARKET OPPORTUNITY	Big	Bigger	Biggest



P-MUC1C-101: Killed Cancer Cells, Not Normal Epithelial Cells

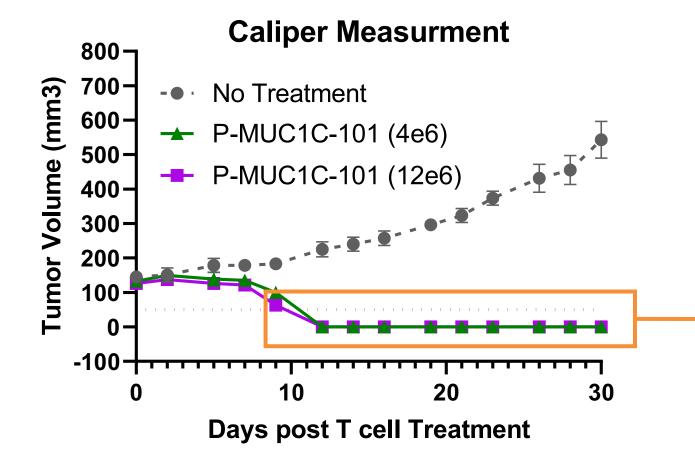
Broad reactivity of P-MUC1C-101 against multiple primary tumor cells





P-MUC1C-101: Showed Potent In Vivo Activity Against Triple-Negative Breast Cancer (TNBC)

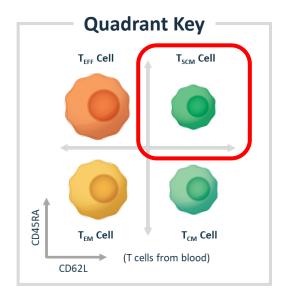
EFFICACY OF P-MUC1C-101 IN BREAST CANCER MODEL (MDA.MB.468)

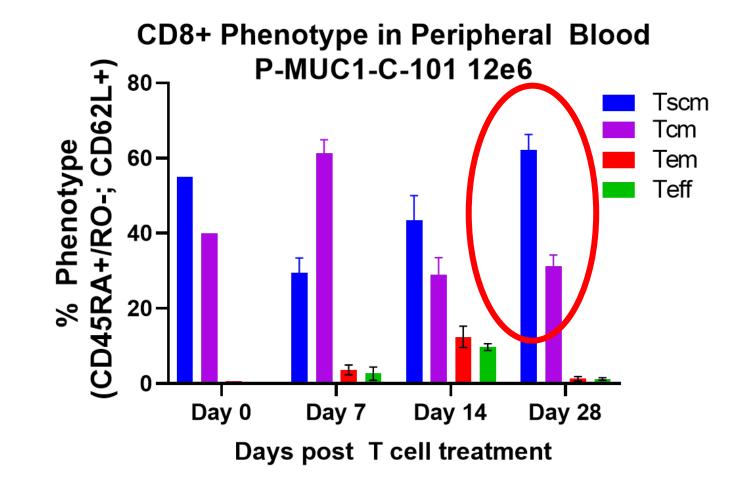


Tumor Elimination Observed at Standard and Low Dose in Very Aggressive Human Triple-Negative Breast Cancer Xenograft Model



After Tumor Elimination, a Population of P-MUC1C-101 T_{SCM} Persists





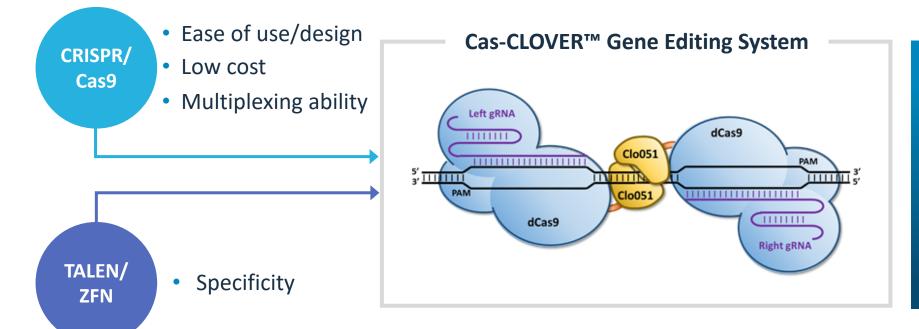


Cas-CLOVER[™] Gene Editing for manufacture of Allo CAR-T_{SCM}



Cas-CLOVER™: Proprietary Gene Editing Platform

The Best of Both Worlds



Additional Potential Benefits

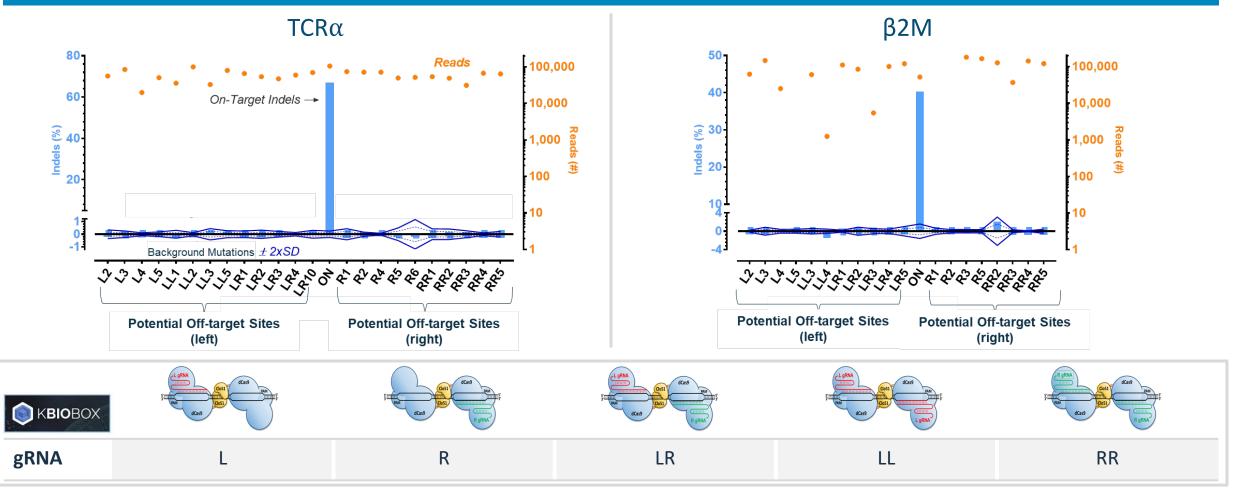
- Highly efficient editing of resting T-cells \rightarrow high % of T_{SCM} cells
- No to low off-target mutations

Wholly-Owned with Global Rights and Full Freedom To Operate



Cas-CLOVER[™] Is Highly Precise with No Off-Target Cutting

Data from Millions of Sequence Reads Demonstrate that CAS-CLOVER[™] Does Not Cause Off Target Cutting



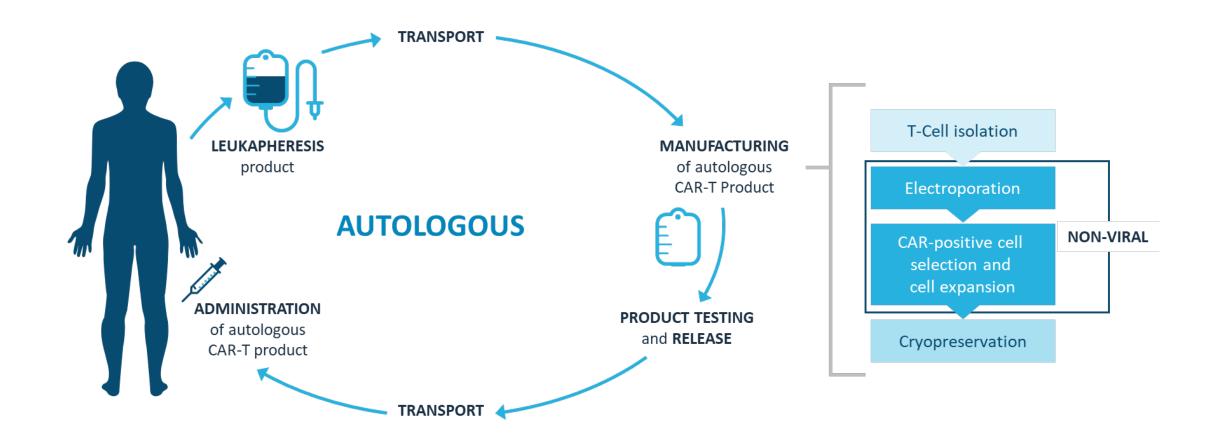


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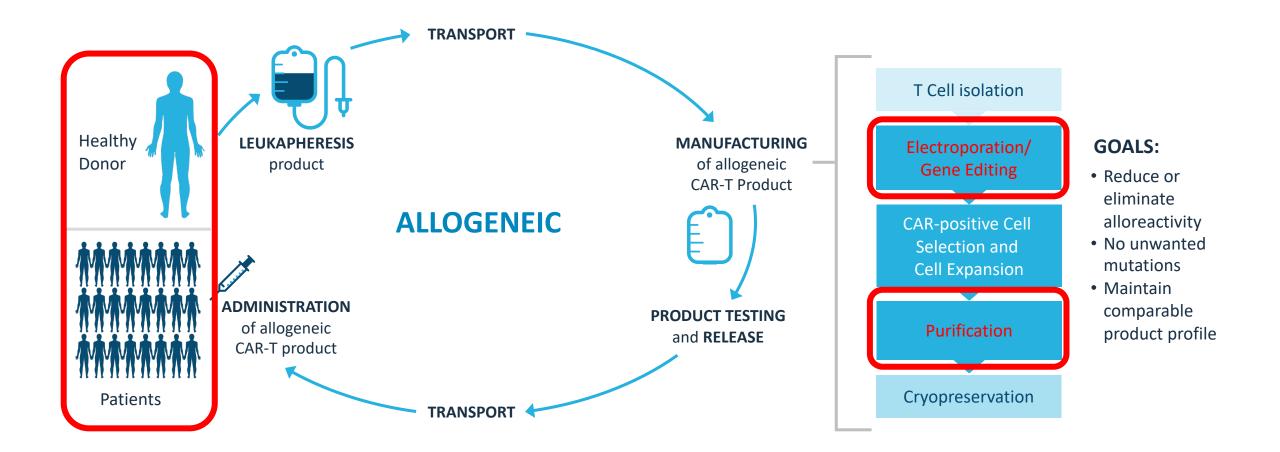


P-BCMA-ALLO1 Manufacturing Strategy Leverages Existing Processes and Experience





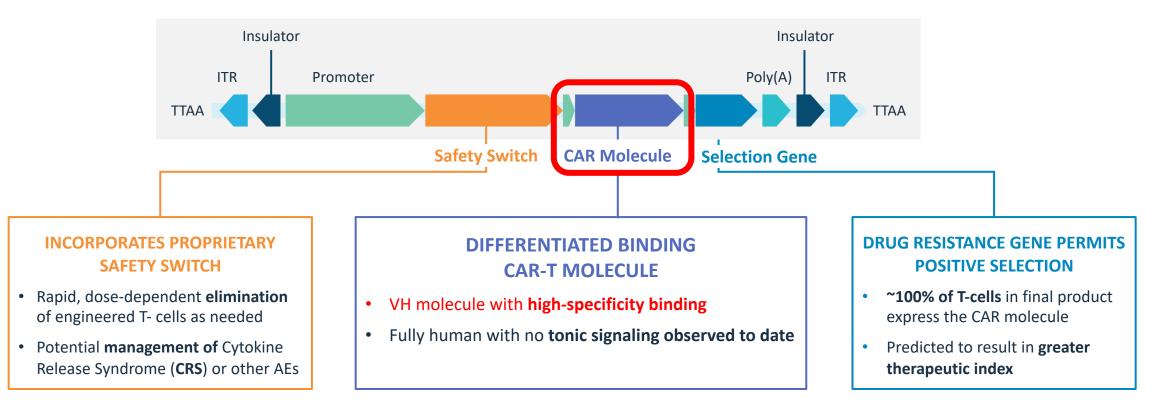
P-BCMA-ALLO1 Manufacturing Strategy Leverages Existing Processes and Experience





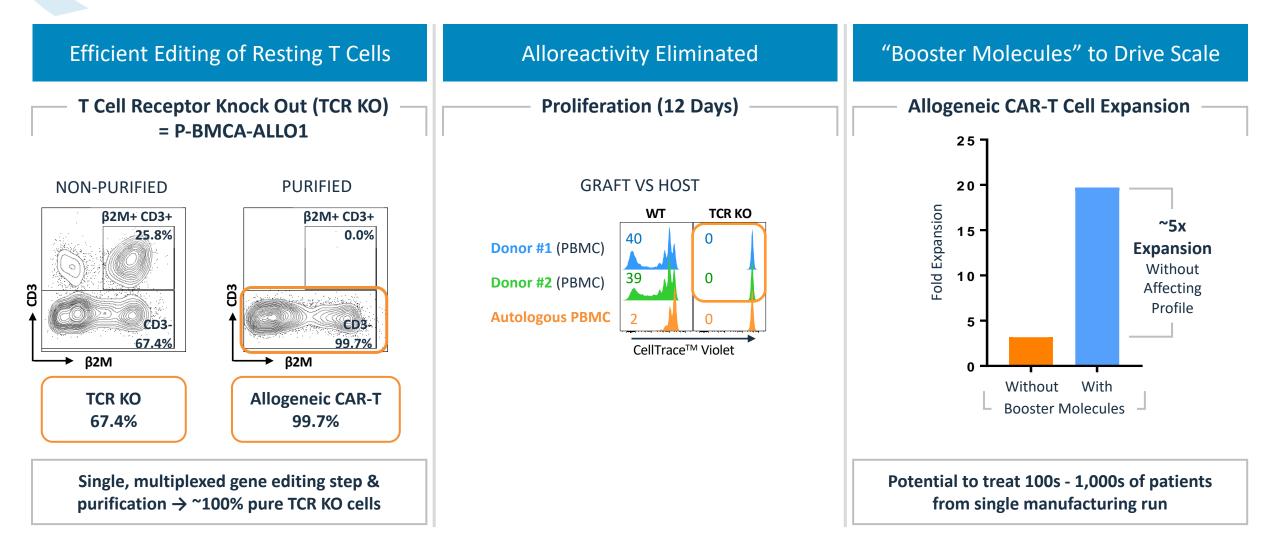
P-BMCA-ALLO1 Transgene Similar to Autologous Products

Designed To Have Desirable Product Attributes



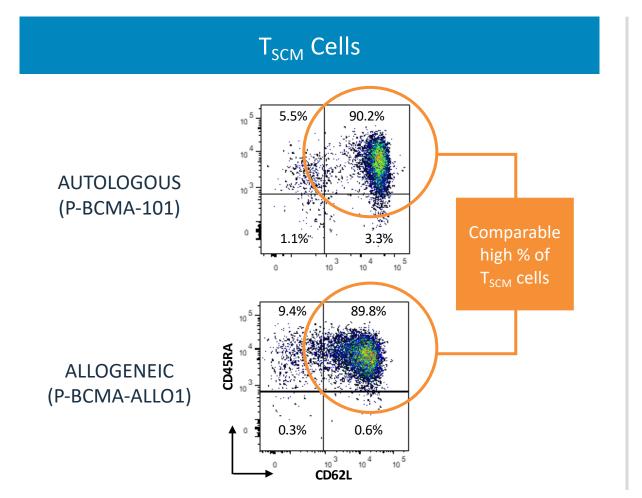


Creating a Potentially Fully Allogeneic Product Candidate



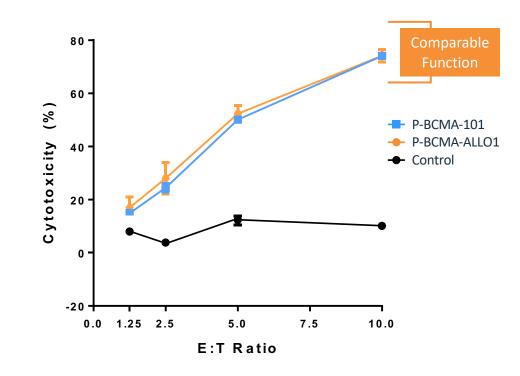


Comparable T_{SCM} Cells and Potency Observed in Autologous vs Allogeneic Versions



Specificity Of Killing Target Cells

Function of P-BCMA-ALLO1





Acknowledgements

P-BCMA-101 Patients

<u>Poseida Therapeutics, Inc.</u> Immuno-Oncology

Process Development

Technical Operations

Clinical Biomarkers

Clinical Operations

Gene Therapy

Gene Engineering

Nanotechnology

<u>CIRM</u> (California Institute for Regenerative Medicine)

<u>MDACC</u>

P-BCMA-101-001 Investigators

<u>TeneoBio</u>



